

newFASANT

Post-Process User Guide

Software Version: 6.2.11

Date: February 17, 2020

Index

1. POST-PROCESS MENU	3
2. POST-PROCESS WINDOW	3
3. TRACE WINDOW	5
3.1. TRACE OPTIONS PANEL	6
3.2. TRACE REPRESENTATION PANEL	7
4. TRACE RESULTS OUTPUT	8
5. EXAMPLES	9
5.1. EXAMPLE 1: TABLE TRACE	9
5.2. EXAMPLE 2: PLOT TRACE	11
5.3. EXAMPLE 3: DIAGRAM 2D TRACE	13
5.4. EXAMPLE 4: DIAGRAM 3D TRACE	15
5.5. EXAMPLE 5: TEXT FILE TRACE	16

1. Post-Process Menu

Post-Process is an option from the “Show Results” menu, available for some modules.

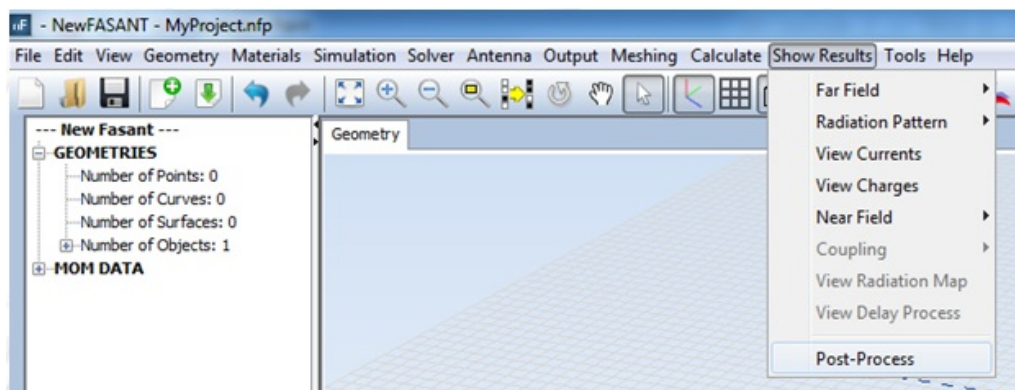


Figure 1: Show Results menu

The steps to be followed in order to post-process a result are the same in all the cases:

1. Select the type of the representation for the results in the first window that appears (post-process window).
2. Select, on the second window (trace window), the type of the results for the post-processing, set the required options and select the domain of the representation (only for table and plot representations).

In the next chapters more details are given regarding the functionalities of the two windows that post-process uses to get a customized result.

2. Post-Process Window

This window allows the user to select the type of representation to visualize the new trace.

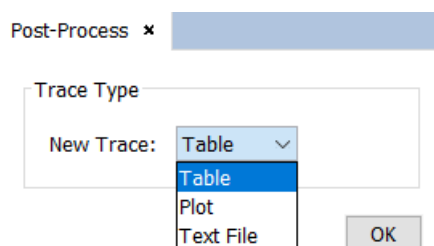


Figure 2: Post-Process Window

New Trace options:

- Table: visualize the results as a table of values indicating, for each value of the domain, the value of the result to be associated.

Geometry Post-Process x

Far Field in Phi 0.0° at 1.0 GHz, Step 1

Theta (degrees)	ETheta-real	ETheta-imaginary
0.0	-5.621E-7	4.442E-7
10.0	4.313E-4	-0.001188
20.0	0.00278	-8.012E-4
30.0	0.001606	-0.002447
40.0	-0.00337	0.002095
50.0	0.004456	0.001161
60.0	-0.005511	-0.002246
70.0	0.005438	0.001013
80.0	-0.006251	9.908E-4
90.0	0.00492	-0.003908
100.0	-0.002275	0.005781
110.0	4.537E-4	-0.005692
120.0	0.00125	0.00563
130.0	2.527E-4	-0.004901
140.0	-0.002602	0.002648
150.0	0.00212	-5.126E-4
160.0	-5.116E-4	-0.001
170.0	-7.798E-4	0.001465
180.0	5.632E-7	-4.423E-7

Export as plot

Figure 3: Table trace

- Plot: visualize the results as a plot of values drawing a line that represent the result values for each value of the domain of representation.

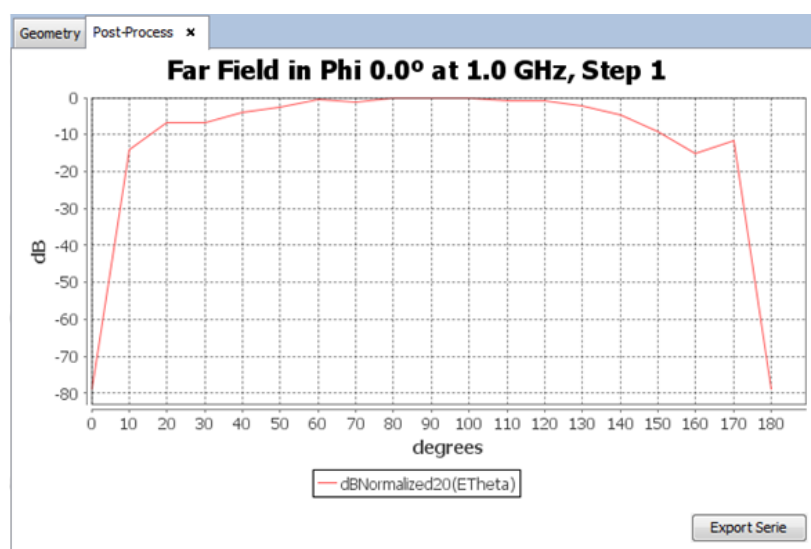


Figure 4: Plot trace

Most of plots show 2-D curves of a result field versus an input parameter. This type of graphics share additional features of zoom, raxis and curves edition, and so on. To read more information about the chart options (when clicking on the righth button over a chart) see [section 7. Annex I "Graphics advanced options"](#) on [GUI User-Guide](#).

- Text File: visualize the results on plain text and show the results file.

THETA (deg)	PHI (deg)	E_V (V/m)		E_H (V/m)	
0.000000	0.000000	-.5621E-06	0.4442E-06	-.6102E-06	0.4846E-06
10.000000	0.000000	0.4313E-03	-.1188E-02	-.9629E-06	-.6261E-07
20.000000	0.000000	0.2780E-02	-.8012E-03	-.4792E-07	-.8544E-07
30.000000	0.000000	0.1606E-02	-.2447E-02	0.5559E-07	0.6825E-06
40.000000	0.000000	-.3370E-02	0.2095E-02	-.1269E-05	0.7750E-06
50.000000	0.000000	0.4456E-02	0.1161E-02	-.2275E-05	0.6273E-07
60.000000	0.000000	-.5511E-02	-.2246E-02	-.2142E-05	-.5389E-06
70.000000	0.000000	0.5438E-02	0.1013E-02	-.1472E-05	-.6865E-06
80.000000	0.000000	-.6251E-02	0.9908E-03	-.9265E-06	-.6094E-06
90.000000	0.000000	0.4920E-02	-.3908E-02	-.7360E-06	-.5564E-06
100.000000	0.000000	-.2275E-02	0.5781E-02	-.9264E-06	-.6095E-06
110.000000	0.000000	0.4537E-03	-.5692E-02	-.1472E-05	-.6866E-06
120.000000	0.000000	0.1250E-02	0.5630E-02	-.2142E-05	-.5390E-06
130.000000	0.000000	0.2527E-03	-.4901E-02	-.2275E-05	0.6277E-07
140.000000	0.000000	-.2602E-02	0.2648E-02	-.1269E-05	0.7750E-06
150.000000	0.000000	0.2120E-02	-.5126E-03	0.5556E-07	0.6826E-06
160.000000	0.000000	-.5116E-03	-.1000E-02	-.4774E-07	-.8544E-07
170.000000	0.000000	-.7798E-03	0.1465E-02	-.9629E-06	-.6273E-07
180.000000	0.000000	0.5632E-06	-.4423E-06	-.6102E-06	0.4848E-06
45.000000	45.000000	-.4526E-03	0.4474E-02	0.1270E-07	0.2052E-07

Figure 6: Diagram Trace

3. Trace Window

Trace x

Trace Options

Simulation Results: Far Field v

Results Type: Lineal v

Results Options: ETheta v

Project Options: Original Project v

Import trace from project...

Trace Representation

Domain: Theta v Parameters

Trace: ETheta

Operation: <none> v Apply

Constant: E v Apply

OK

Figure 7: Trace Window

3.1. Trace Options Panel

This panel allows the user to configure the results that will be shown in the new trace.

- Simulation Results: in this list, the user selects the type of the result to visualize. This list only includes the results according to the type of representation selected from the post-process window. For example, if the user selects the "table" option in the post-process window, the "Current Density" option for the simulation result will not appear because "Current Density" results only can only be visualized in diagram trace.
- Results Type: in this list, the user selects a sub-type from the results selected on the previous list. This list only includes the sub-types of the results selected on the previous list, modifying it when the user changes the selected value on the "Simulation Results" list.
- Results Options: this list is an auxiliary list that will be filled only if the results have other options (additional to the "Result Type" options). This list will be used, for example, for the "Near Field" results that have "Ex", "Ey", "Ez", "ETotal", "Hx", "Hy", "Hz" and "HTotal" as "Results Type" and "Scatter", "Direct" and "Total" as "Result Options".
- Project Options: allows the user to select which project will take the results to load at that time to bring them into line results. The projects will be displayed in the list with the name of the project in question, accompanied by the nickname that will put the loaded result, for example, if the selected project is "Project002.nfp (_1)" and the result selected in "ETheta" when loaded in the result line will appear as "ETheta_2".
- "Import trace from project" button: Allows the user to import the result that corresponds with a previous project having these same results. This button shows a window where the user needs to select the ".nfp" file(s) to import the results. Then, in the "Result Type" list, a new option appears including the name of the selected option with an added numeric value corresponding to each imported file.

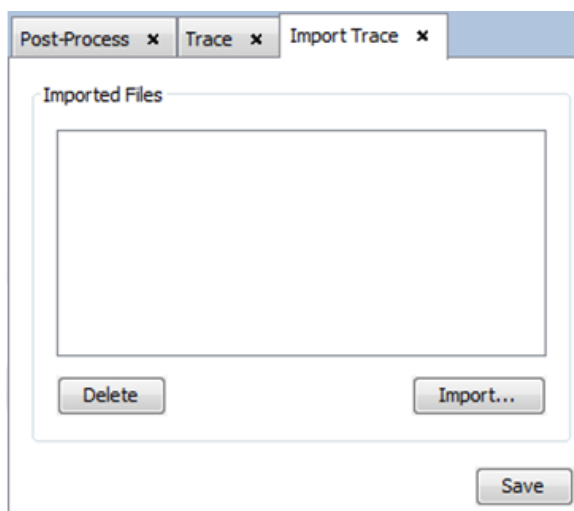


Figure 8: Import trace Window

- "Delete": remove the selected row for the file previously imported and close it from imported projects.
- "Import": import the results from a selected file and open the project to use its results.
- "Save": load the changes into "Trace Window" to actualize the enable imported projects.

3.2. Trace representation Panel

This panel allows the user to configure the representation of the results and the application of formulas over the original results to customize the results to be visualized.

- Domain: this list allows the user to select a parameter to visualize the results (applying a function to such parameter). For each value of this parameter one result value will be visualized.
- "Parameters": this button shows a window that allows the user to configure the options for the domain of the representation. This window is specific for the result type selected and includes parameters such as "step", "frequency", "cut" (for far field), "point", "observation" (for near field) and "Angular Average" for results with domain in degrees and trace type as table, plot or diagram.
- Trace: this option shows the value that, as a function of the original results, will be represented as a result. This option allows the user to customize the representation results with the operation option and the selected original results.
- Operation: this list allows the user to select an operation to be applied to the trace results. The list contains all the operations supported. The operations are:
 - <none>: apply the result type directly.
 - abs: returns the absolute value of the value.
 - acos: returns the arc cosine value in degrees.
 - acosr: returns the arc cosine value in radians.
 - ampl10: returns the amplitude in dB of a squared magnitude value.
 - ampl20: returns the amplitude in dB of a lineal magnitude value.
 - asin: returns the arc sine value in degrees.
 - asinr: returns the arc sine value in radians.
 - atan: returns the arc tangent value in degrees.
 - atanr: returns the arc tangent value in radians.
 - ceil: rounds value to the higher integer.
 - complex: returns a new complex number with the first parameter as real part and second parameter as imaginary part.
 - cos: returns the cosine value of the value introduced in degrees.
 - cosr: returns the cosine value of the value introduced in radians.
 - dB10: returns the amplitude in dB of a squared magnitude value.
 - dBNormalized10: returns the normalized amplitude in dB of a squared magnitude value.
 - dB20: returns the amplitude in dB of a lineal magnitude value.
 - dBNormalized20: returns the normalized amplitude in dB of a lineal magnitude value.
 - deg: returns the value in degrees from a value in radians.
 - exp: returns the power of 'e' raised to the specified the value.
 - floor: truncates to the lower integer value.
 - imag: returns the imaginary part of a complex value
 - ln: returns the natural logarithm of the value
 - log: returns the logarithm in base of the first parameter form the second parameter.
 - log10: returns the logarithm in base 10 of the value.
 - max: returns the maximum value of the parameters.
 - min: returns the minimum value of the parameters.
 - mod: returns the module of a complex value.
 - nat10: returns the natural value of a squared magnitude. Returns a complex value if the input is complex and the module of the natural complex if the input is real.
 - nat20: returns the natural value of a lineal magnitude. Returns a complex value if the input is complex and the module of the natural complex if the input is real.
 - phase: returns the phase value from a complex value in natural units.
 - pow: returns the power of the first argument raised to second argument.
 - rad: returns the value in radians from a value in degrees.
 - random: returns a value between 0.0 and 1.0.
 - rcs: returns the Radar Cross Section value from the value.
 - real: returns the real part of a complex value.
 - round: returns the nearest integer value of the input value.
 - sin: returns the sine of the value introduced in degrees.
 - sinr: returns the sine of the value introduced in radians.
 - sqrt: returns the square root of the value.
 - tan: returns the tangent of the value introduced in degrees.
 - tanr: returns the tangent of the value introduced in radians.
- Operation "Apply" button: this button allows the user to apply the selected operation to the represented trace. There are two possibilities to apply the operations:

- If the user selects some text in the trace text before clicking on this button, the operation will be applied over the selected text.
- If the user doesn't select some text, the operation will be applied over the Result Type option and will be written at the cursor position of the trace text.

- Constant: this list allows the user to select a constant to be added to the trace formula. The list contains all the constants defined. The constants are:

- E: adds the value of 'e' number.
- PI: adds the value of 'PI'.
- J: adds the value of the (0,1) complex number.
- SubJ: adds the value of the (0,-1) complex number.

- Constant "Apply" button: this button allows the user to apply the selected constant to the trace formula. The constant will be applied at the cursor position of the trace text.

4. Trace Results Output

This section explains the output results returned by the selected options on "Simulation Results", "Results Type" and "Results Options" combo boxes of "Trace" window.

Far Field and Radiation Pattern Results

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	ETheta	Complex natural of ETheta Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	EPhi	Complex natural of EPhi Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	ETotal	Complex natural of ETotal Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	Ex	Complex natural of Ex Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	Ey	Complex natural of Ey Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Lineal	ExEyTotal	Complex natural of ExEyTotal Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Circular	RHCP	Complex natural of RHCP Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Circular	LHCP	Complex natural of LHCP Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Circular	CircularTotal	Complex natural of CircularTotal Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Circular	AxialRatio	Axial Ratio value in dB.
FarField / RadiationPattern	+/-45	+45	Complex natural of +45 Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	+/-45	-45	Complex natural of -45 Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	3er Ludwing	3X_Co-Polar	Complex natural of 3X_Co-Polar Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	3er Ludwing	3X_Cross-Polar	Complex natural of 3X_Cross-Polar Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	3er Ludwing	3Y_Co-Polar	Complex natural of 3Y_Co-Polar Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	3er Ludwing	3Y_Cross-Polar	Complex natural of 3Y_Cross-Polar Field.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Gain	ETheta	Complex natural of ETheta Power.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Gain	EPhi	Complex natural of EPhi Power.
FarField / RadiationPattern	Gain	ETotal	Total Power value in dBi.

Far Field Results (PO Module)

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
FarField	VV	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of VV Field for selected effect.
FarField	HV	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of HV Field for selected effect.
FarField	VH	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of VH Field for selected effect.
FarField	HH	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of HH Field for selected effect.
FarField	VTot	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of VTot Field for selected effect.
FarField	HTot	<<Effects>>	Complex natural of HTot Field for selected effect.

<<Effects>> Can be "Total", "Simple Reflection", "Double Reflection", "Triple Reflection" or "Diffraction"

Near Field Results

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
NearField	Ex	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Ex Field of selected type.
NearField	Ey	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Ey Field of selected type.
NearField	Ez	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Ez Field of selected type.
NearField	ETotal	<<Type>>	Complex natural of ETotal Field of selected type.
NearField	Hx	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Hx Field of selected type.
NearField	Hy	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Hy Field of selected type.
NearField	Hz	<<Type>>	Complex natural of Hz Field of selected type.
NearField	HTotal	<<Type>>	Complex natural of HTotal Field of selected type.

<<Type>> Can be "Scatter", "Direct" or "Total"

Current Density Results

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
Current Density	X	-	Natural value of X current value.
Current Density	Y	-	Natural value of Y current value.
Current Density	Z	-	Natural value of Z current value.
Current Density	Total	-	Natural value of Total current value.

Charge Density Results

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
Charge Density	Density	-	Natural value of charge value.

RCS (MONCROS Module)

Simulation Results	Results Type	Results Options	Output
RCS	ETHeta	-	Complex natural of ETHeta Field.
RCS	EPhi	-	Complex natural of EPhi Field.
RCS	ETotal	-	Complex natural of ETotal Field.

5. Examples

In this section some basic examples of the use of the post-process functionality are shown. For the examples a case of the MOM Module is considered. Obtain the radiation of four planes of 250mm per side centered at points (0,0,0), (0,0,0.25), (0,0,5.25) and (0,0,5.5), on mm units, at 5.0 GHz, using a plane wave source with default parameters and the default solver parameters. The are two 'Observation Points' defined: two planes of 100x100 mm centered at (0 0 -0.5) and (0,0,6), on mm units and with 11x11 points.

To see more information about the chart options (when clicking on the righth button over a chart) see [section 7. Annex I "Graphics advanced options"](#) on [GUI User-Guide](#).

5.1. Example 1: Table trace

Step 1: Select "Table" option on "Post-Process" window.

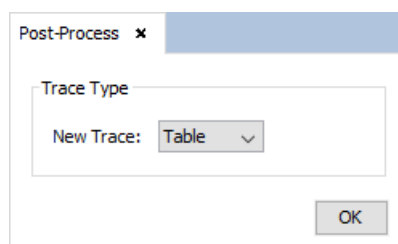


Figure 9: Step 1

Step 2: Select the simulation results and the type and sub-type from it.

Step 3: Select the domain and apply the desired operations over the original results.

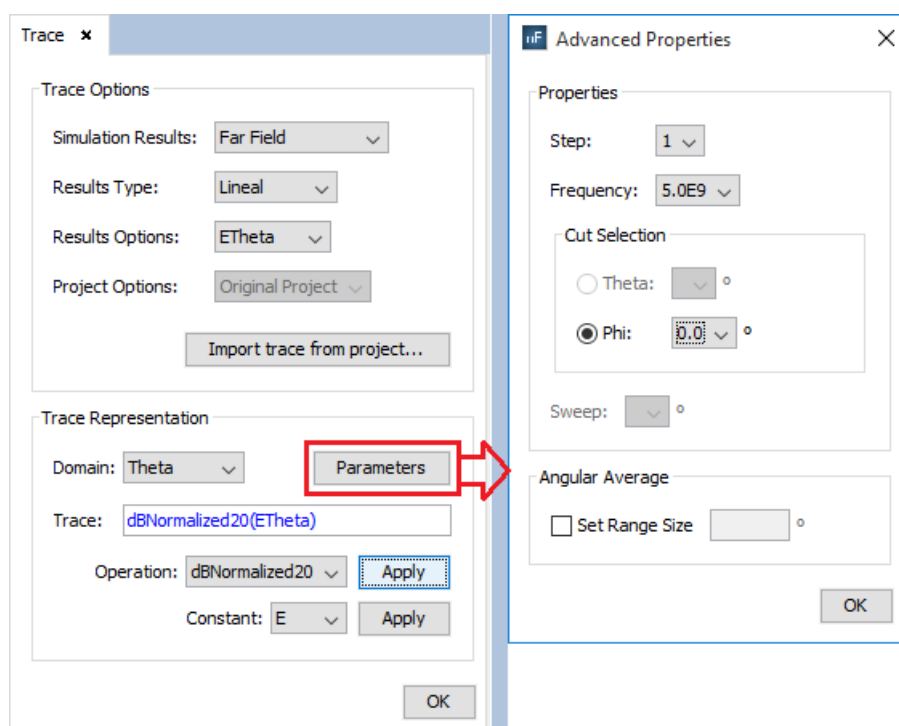


Figure 10: Step 2 and Step 3

Step 4: Click on "OK" and visualize the result.

Geometry Post-Process x

Far Field in Phi 0.0° at 5.0 GHz, Step 1

Theta (degrees)	dBNormalized20(ETheta) (dB)
0.0	-0.43918202749467383
1.0	-0.7361653030326778
2.0	-1.6619039266647562
3.0	-3.2871166969087966
4.0	-5.821202899096541
5.0	-9.733227311820855
6.0	-16.549892355480324
7.0	-49.79371492559069
8.0	-18.758624540240504
9.0	-14.784469106271288
10.0	-13.8307062633845
11.0	-14.671704676591787
12.0	-17.300118022477378
13.0	-22.872041977389173
14.0	-46.847992132607345
15.0	-25.267091946215942
16.0	-20.368827911703093
17.0	-18.766732249225697
18.0	-18.987379160525307
19.0	-20.86922924320838
20.0	-25.0764627557312
21.0	-36.250236298393034
22.0	-32.593365687842706

Export as plot

Figure 11: Step 4

5.2. Example 2: Plot trace

Step 1: Select "Plot" from the "Post-Process" window.

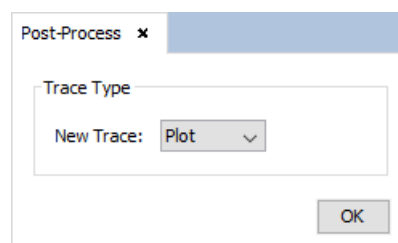


Figure 15: Step 1

Step 2: Select the simulation results and the type and sub-type from it.

Step 3: Select the domain and apply the desired operations over the original results.

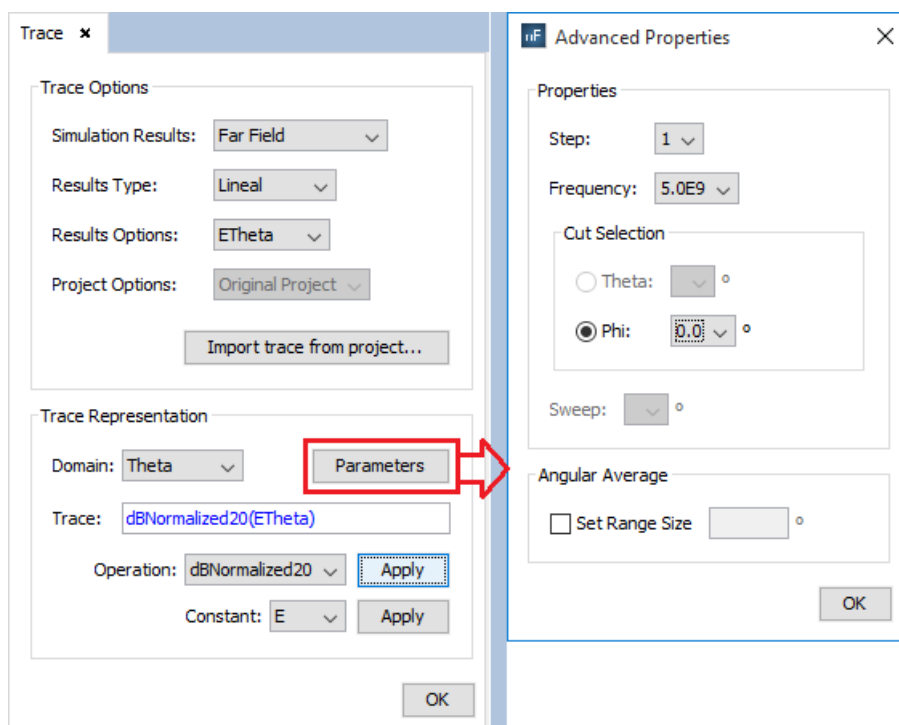


Figure 16: Step 2 and Step 3

Step 4: Click on “OK” button and visualize the result.

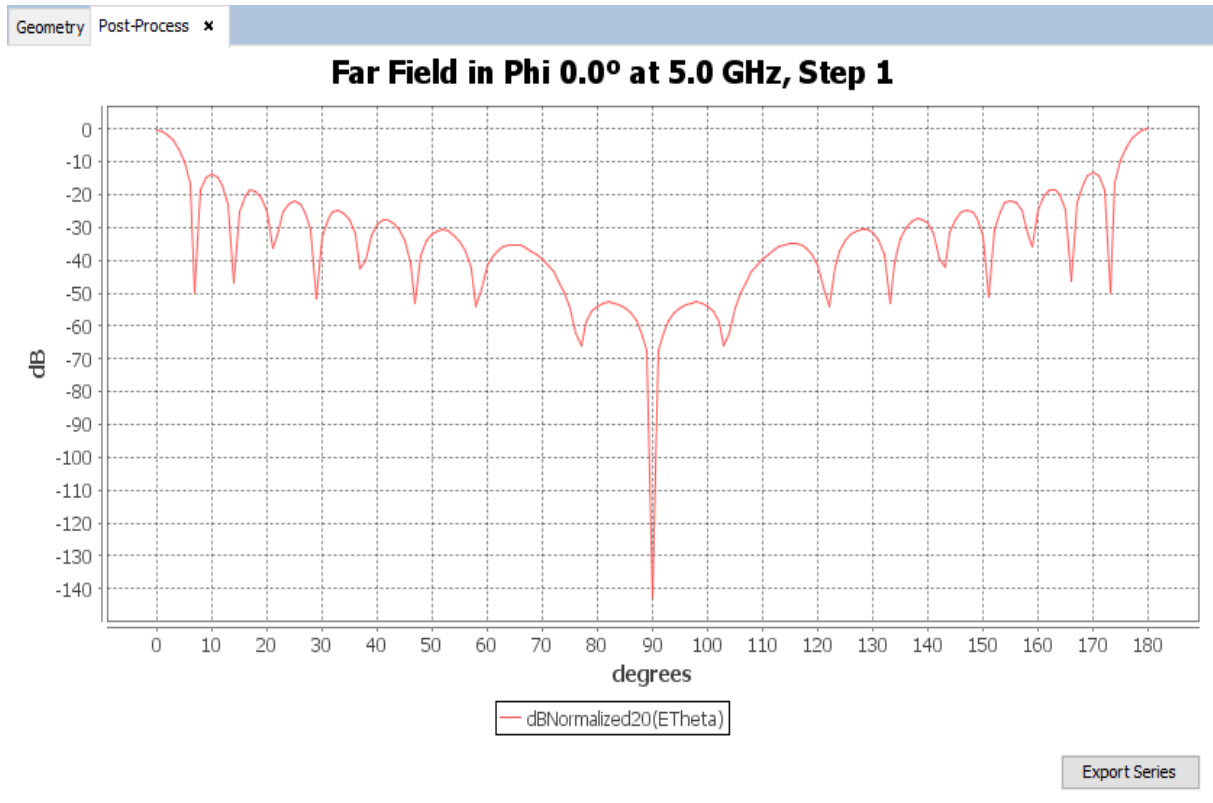


Figure 17: Step 4

5.3. Example 3: Diagram 2D trace

Step 1: Select the "Diagram" option on the "Post-Process" window.



Figure 18: Step 1

Step 2: Select the simulation results and the type and sub-type from it.

Step 3: Select the domain and apply the desired operations over the original results.

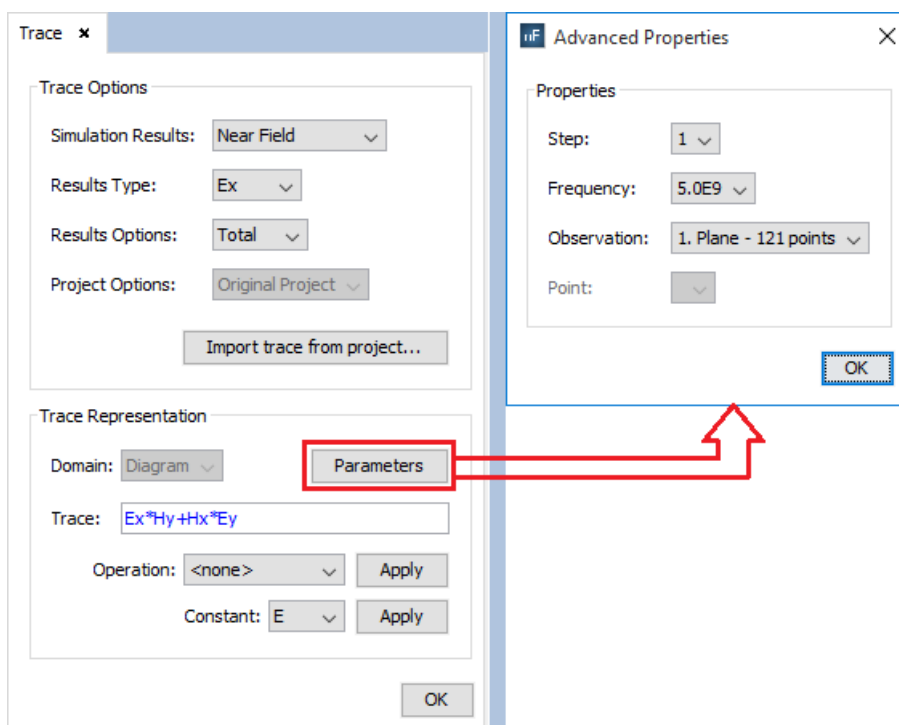


Figure 19: Step 2 and Step 3

Step 4: Click on "OK" button and visualize the result.

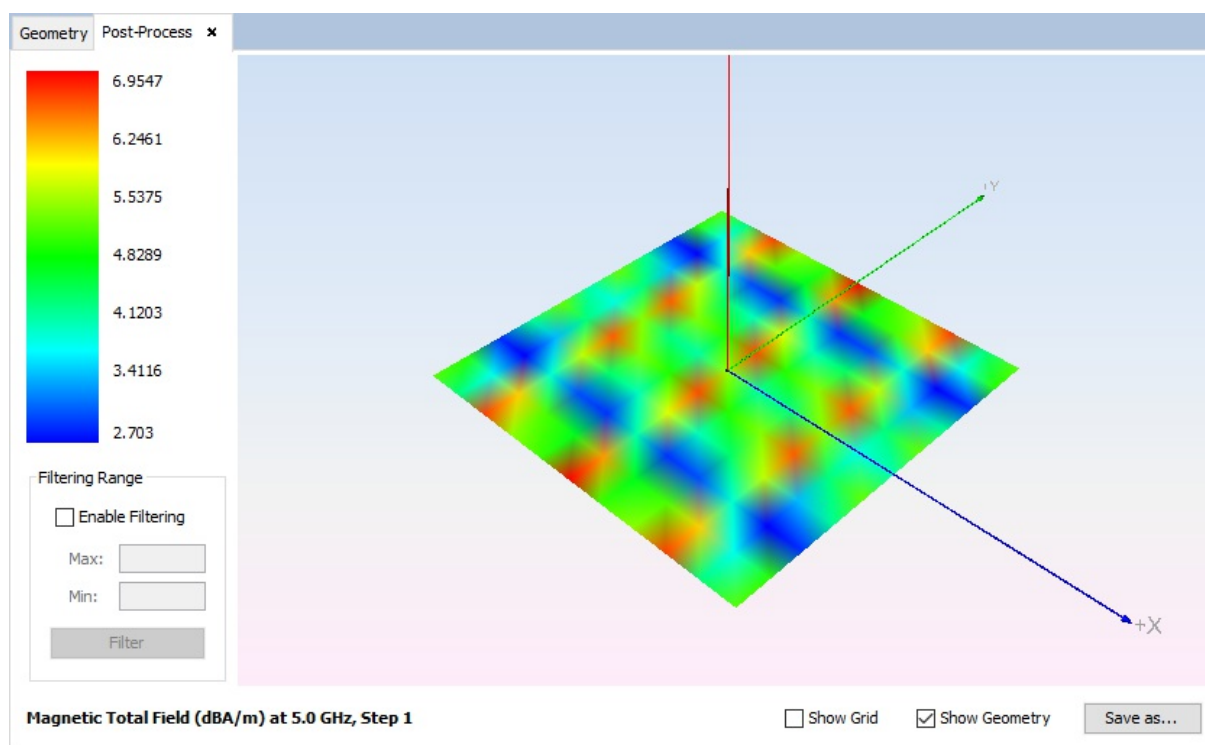


Figure 20: Step 4

5.4. Example 4: Diagram 3D trace

Step 1: Select the “Diagram” option on “Post-Process” window.

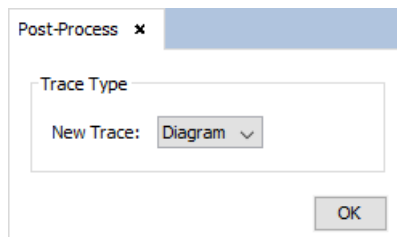


Figure 18: Step 1

Step 2: Select the simulation results and the type and sub-type from it.

Step 3: Select the domain and apply the desired operations over the original results.

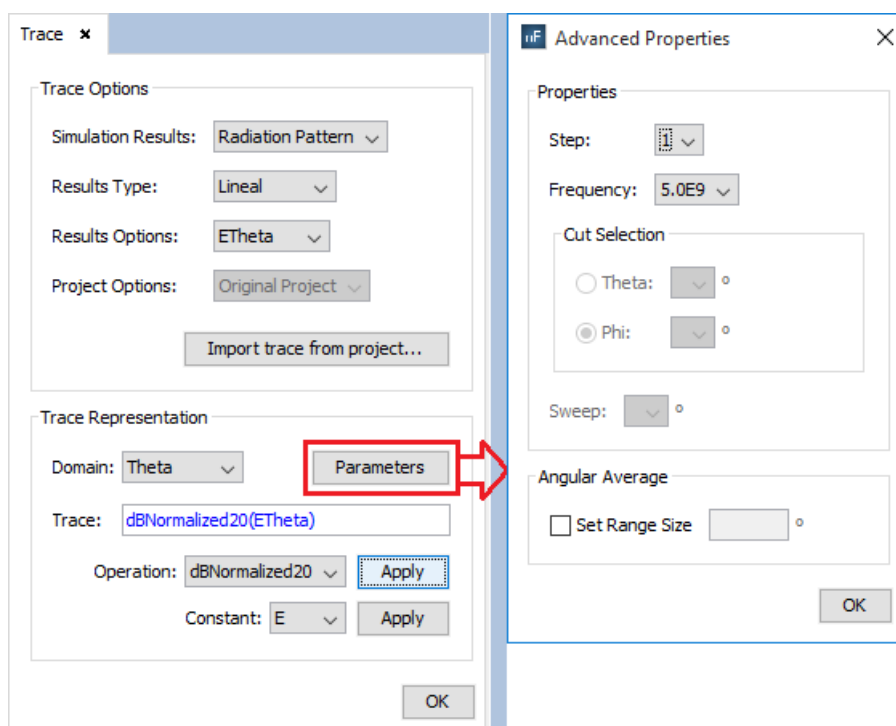


Figure 19: Step 2 and Step 3

Step 4: Click on “OK” and visualize the result.

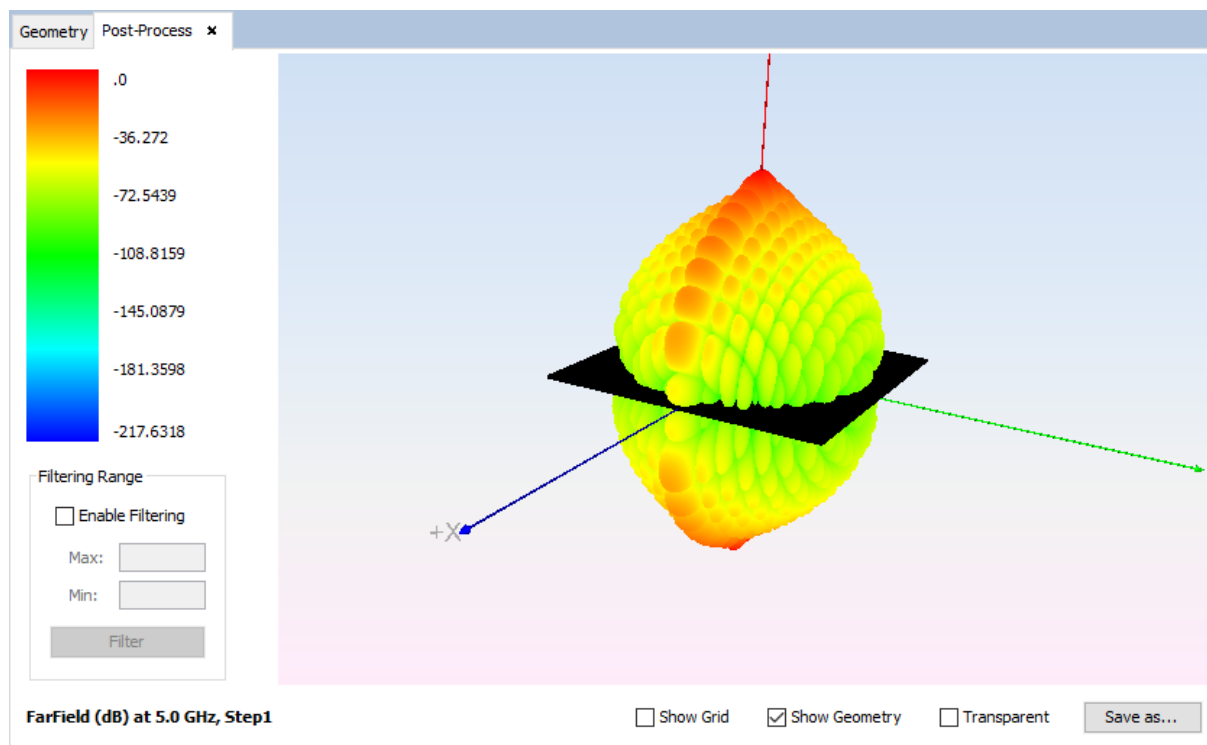


Figure 20: Step 4

5.5. Example 5: Text File trace

Step 1: Select the "Text File" option on "Post-Process" window.

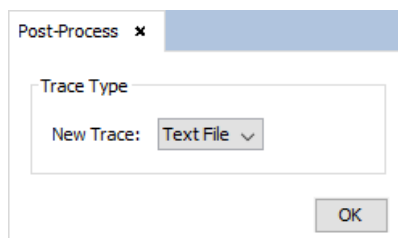


Figure 21: Step 1

Step 2: Select the simulation results and the type and sub-type from it.

Step 3: Select the domain and apply the desired operations over the original results.

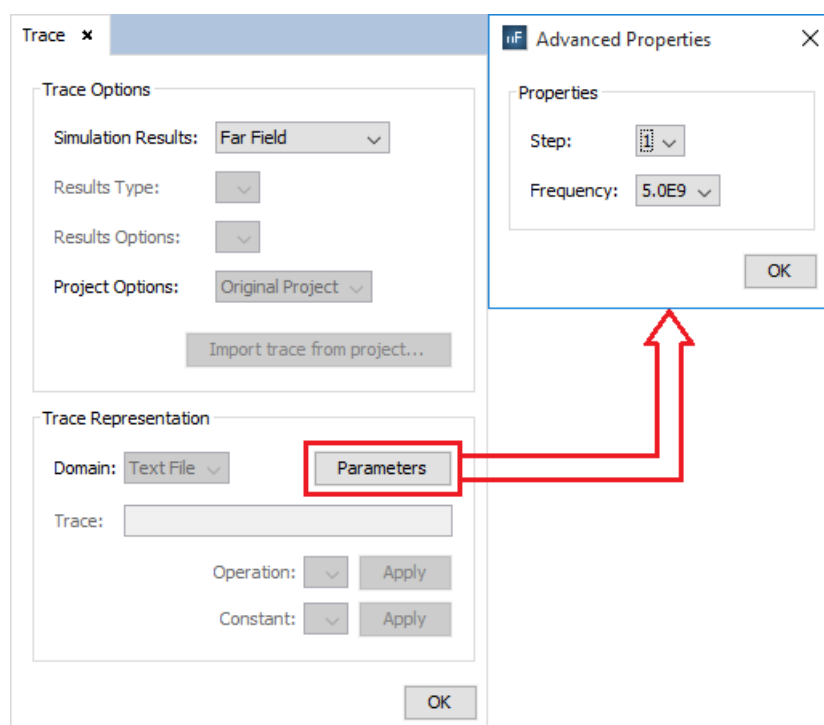


Figure 22: Step 2 and Step 3

Step 4: Click on "OK" and visualize the result.

THETA (deg)	PHI (deg)	E_V (V/m)		E_H (V/m)	
0.000000	0.000000	-.3768E-03	0.1311E-02	-.1123E-08	-.2132E-08
1.000000	0.000000	-.3639E-03	0.1267E-02	-.3585E-09	0.1294E-10
2.000000	0.000000	-.3268E-03	0.1139E-02	0.6891E-09	0.1953E-08
3.000000	0.000000	-.2701E-03	0.9449E-03	0.1830E-08	0.3424E-08
4.000000	0.000000	-.2007E-03	0.7061E-03	0.2844E-08	0.4256E-08
5.000000	0.000000	-.1267E-03	0.4504E-03	0.3526E-08	0.4391E-08
6.000000	0.000000	-.5628E-04	0.2059E-03	0.3723E-08	0.3889E-08
7.000000	0.000000	0.3461E-05	-.3100E-05	0.3370E-08	0.2911E-08
8.000000	0.000000	0.4738E-04	-.1586E-03	0.2502E-08	0.1682E-08
9.000000	0.000000	0.7289E-04	-.2512E-03	0.1250E-08	0.4510E-09
10.000000	0.000000	0.8015E-04	-.2807E-03	-.1844E-09	-.5605E-09
11.000000	0.000000	0.7168E-04	-.2551E-03	-.1564E-08	-.1195E-08
12.000000	0.000000	0.5185E-04	-.1888E-03	-.2661E-08	-.1385E-08
13.000000	0.000000	0.2597E-04	-.9976E-04	-.3297E-08	-.1159E-08
14.000000	0.000000	-.5846E-06	-.6496E-05	-.3377E-08	-.6318E-09
15.000000	0.000000	-.2318E-04	0.7473E-04	-.2904E-08	0.2589E-10
16.000000	0.000000	-.3856E-04	0.1320E-03	-.1976E-08	0.6207E-09
17.000000	0.000000	-.4511E-04	0.1591E-03	-.7711E-09	0.9768E-09
18.000000	0.000000	-.4294E-04	0.1554E-03	0.4904E-09	0.9683E-09
19.000000	0.000000	-.3358E-04	0.1254E-03	0.1583E-08	0.5422E-09
20.000000	0.000000	-.1952E-04	0.7756E-04	0.2314E-08	-.2736E-09
21.000000	0.000000	-.3715E-05	0.2178E-04	0.2557E-08	-.1377E-08

Figure 23: Step 4